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M&G Enhanced SA Property Tracker Fund

perty June 2023

une 2023

98.7 % 1.3 %

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



Annualised performance	A class	Benchmark	T class	D class
1 year	9.2%	10.0%	9.2%	9.4%
3 years	11.3%	11.3%	11.3%	11.4%
5 years	-4.4%	-3.5%	-4.4%	-4.3%
7 years	-4.3%	-3.6%	-4.3%	-4.2%
10 years	1.1%	1.5%	-	1.2%
Since inception	8.3%	8.6%	-	-

Returns since inception ¹	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	65.7%	31 Oct 2021
Lowest annualised return	-52.1%	31 Oct 2020

Top 10 holdings as at 30 Jun 2023

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1.	NEPI Rockcastle NV	24.3%
2.	Growthpoint Properties Ltd	17.3%
3.	Redefine Properties Ltd	9.7%
4.	Fortress Real Estate Investments Ltd A	8.3%
5.	Vukile Property Fund Ltd	5.4%
6.	Resilient REIT Ltd	5.3%
7.	Hyprop Investments Ltd	4.8%
8.	MAS Plc	4.0%
9.	Sirius Real Estate Ltd	3.3%
10	Fauites Property Fund Ltd	3.2%

Risk measures	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	19.6%	20.1%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-63.7%	-62.6%
% of positive rolling 12 months	73.4%	72.9%
Information ratio	-0.1	n/a
Sortino ratio	0.5	0.5
Sharpe ratio	0.3	0.3

Asset allocation



A Class T Class **I Class D** Class Investment options R10 000 R10 000 R10 000 R20 million Minimum lump sum investment Minimum monthly debit order R500 pm R500 pm R500 pm n/a Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT) T Class **I Class** D Class A Class M&G 0.55% 0.55% 0.65% 0.40% 0.15% Financial adviser service fee (if applicable)2 n/a n/a n/a Expenses (incl. VAT) A Class T Class **I Class** D Class Total Expense Ratio (TER) 0.67% 0.67% 0.78% 0.51% Transaction Costs (TC)3 0.07% 0.07% 0.07% 0.07%

0.74%

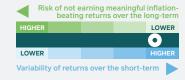
0.85%

0.58%

0.74%

M&G

Risk profile



Fund facts

Fund objective

To provide a total return equal to or better than the benchmark (after fees) while providing long-term capital growth.

Investor profile

Individuals with a medium-to-high risk tolerance requiring medium-to long-term capital and income growth through efficient and cost-effective exposure to the Listed Property sector in South Africa. The recommended investment horizon is 5 years or longer.

Investment mandate

The Fund invests in South African listed property instruments and assets in liquid form. No direct investment in physical property may be made. The Fund is managed to a maximum tracking error of 2%.

Fund managers

Yusuf Mowlana

ASISA category

South African - Real Estate - General

Benchmark

FTSE/JSE South African Listed Property Index

Inception date

2 December 2005

Fund size

R527 012 538

Awards

Morningstar/Standard & Poor's: 2011

Total Investment Charges (TIC)

112-month rolling performance figure

² The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's annual management fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.

³ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).



M&G Enhanced SA Property Tracker Fund

operty June 2023

Income Distributions ⁴	A Class	T Class	D Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
30 June 2023	3.64 cpu 7.07%	3.64 cpu 7.07%	3.70 cpu 7.25%
31 March 2023	0.04 cpu 7.63%	0.04 cpu 7.63%	0.11 cpu 7.81%
31 December 2022	4.14 cpu 7.62%	4.14 cpu 7.62%	4.20 cpu 7.79%
30 September 2022	1.63 cpu 0.52%	163 cpu 0 52%	160 cpu 0 72%

Fund commentary

Global investors continued to juggle the risk of the US Federal Reserve's (the Fed's) extra tightening bringing on a short-term recession versus the resilience of consumer spending and other economic growth factors. Global equity markets rallied in June, while fixed income investors seemed unsettled by the hawkish comments from central bankers and yields on developed market sovereign bonds were generally higher. The Fed left rates unchanged for the first time in more than a year, but signalled that it may raise rates again 1-2 more times in 2023.

On the local front, annual inflation slowed for a second consecutive month to 6.3% in May from 6.8% in April, giving the SARB space to end its tightening cycle. However, SARB governor Kganyago remained tough in his anti-inflation stance, saying interest rates might need to stay higher for longer. The market expects another 25bp hike in July. South Africa avoided a technical recession in Q1 2023 with 0.4% GDP growth (q/q annualised), slightly above expectations. SA listed property as measured by the SA Listed Property Index (SAPY) returned 0.9% in June, while the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REIT Index (US\$) delivered 3.3%.

Among the top contributors to relative performance for the month were underweight positions in Liberty Two Degrees, Emira Property Fund and Equites Property Fund. Relative detractors included underweight positions in Attacq and Investec Property Fund, and an overweight position in Octodec.

Glossarv

Glossary	
12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER and TC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Funds underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Unit class	M&G's Funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts. F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.



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info@mandg.co.za



0860 105 775

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Application forms

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Disclaimer

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Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. As a result, the fund may hace material risks. The volatility of the hund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities and to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Purchase and repurchase as to the capital investment to the fund under

⁴ If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).